



B.K. KUMAR'S ACADEMY

Subject : Geography

UNIT TEST QUESTION -1

Total Marks :30

Class : 10th (S.B.)

Chapter no. 1 & 2

Time : 1 Hour

Q.1 Choose the right option and rewrite the sentences :

(4)

- 1) India's southernmost point is known as _____.
a) Lakshadweep b) Kanyakumari c) Indira Point d) Port Blair
- 2) What is main crops when we left Naldurg?.....
a) Bamboo b) Jowar c) Sugarcane d) Mango
- 3) Capital of Brazil is _____.
a) Kabul b) Kaula Lumpur c) Brasilia d) Monaco
- 4) dam built on river Bhima.
a) Jaikwadi b) Bindusara c) Ujni d) Manjara

Q.2 Identify odd man out

(2)

- 1) **Main purpose of field visit:**
a)Geographical b)Historical c)Entertainment d)Cultural
- 2) These two countries in South America do not share their border with Brazil?
a) Chile – Ecuador b) Argentina – Bolivia
c) Columbia – French Guiana d) Surinam – Uruguay

Q.3 Answer in one sentence

(4)

- 1) What is the concept of 'Devrai'?
- 2) How many states does each of the two countries have?
- 3) Out of which process has the plateau of Maharashtra formed?
- 4) Which dance form is famous in Brazil?

Q.4 Distinguish between the following (any one)

(3)

- 1) Location of India and Brazil
- 2) The post-independence characteristics of India and Brazil.

Q.5 Give geographical reasons. (Any Three)

(9)

- 1) Brazil is known as the country having third longest land border.
- 2) It is important to manage the waste during field visit.
- 3) India is looked upon as a young country.
- 4) Field visits increase geographical knowledge.

Q.6 Answer the following in detail. (Any two)

(8)

- 1) What precautions will you take continuously during the field visit?
- 2) What problems did Brazil and India face after independence?
- 3) What steps will you take to manage the litter during field visit?



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UNIT TEST QUESTION -2

Total Marks :30

Class : 10th (S.B.)

Chapter no. 3 & 4

Time : 1 Hour

- Q.1 : Choose the right option and rewrite the sentence** **4**
- 1) Some parts of Jammu and Kashmir and parts of mountainous regions of Himalayas, experience celsius.
a) 0 b) 10 c) -40 d) -3
 - 2) The part of North Indian Plains lying to the east of the Aravalis is called _____.
a) Ganga Plains b) Brahmaputra Plains c) Kaveri Plains d) Krishna Plains
 - 3) Brazil gets rainfall from.....
a) North-West and South-West trade winds b) Westerly winds
c) South-West and North-East d) North-East and South-East trade winds
 - 4) The delta of Ganga-Brahmaputra system is called _____.
a) Sunderbans b) Parnaiba c) Amazon d) Marajo
- Q.2 : Identify the wrong pair.** **2**
- 1) Parallel ranges of Himalayas from south to north
(i) Siwaliks – Lesser Himalayas – Greater Himalayas
(ii) Trans Himalayas – Kumaun – Shiwaliks
(iii) Kashmir Himalayas – Kumaun Himalayas – Assam Himalayas
 - 2) Rivers and tributaries
a) Sindhu – Satluj b) Amazon – Uruguay
c) Paraguay – Parana d) Ganga – Yamuna
- Q.3 : Answer in one sentence** **4**
- 1) What constitutes the delta of Ganga-Brahmaputra system?
 - 2) Which winds bring rainfall to Brazil?
 - 3) What are Sunderbans?
 - 4) Which type of climate is found in India?
- Q.4 : Write short note on the following (Any one)** **3**
- 1) Coastal Plains of India
 - 2) Factors affecting the climate of Brazil.
- Q.5 : Give Geographical Reasons (Any three)** **9**
- 1) Snowfall doesn't always occur in Brazil.

- 2) There are no West flowing rivers in Brazil.
- 3) The average annual temperature in India is generally high.
- 4) There are fewer natural ports on the Eastern coast of India.

Q.6 : Answer the following in detail. (Any two) (8)

- 1) What could be the reasons behind the formation of swamps in the extensive continental location of Pantanal?
- 2) How can we contribute to make a river clean in our locality?
- 3) Explain the characteristics of the North Indian plains.

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Class : 10th (S.B.)

UNIT TEST QUESTION -3
Chapter no. 5 & 6

Total Marks :30
Time : 1 Hour

Q.1 : Choose the right option and rewrite the sentence

4

- 1) The tropical grasslands of Brazil are called _____.
a) Savanna b) Pantanal c) Caatinga d) Amazon river basin
- 2) In Brazil, pink dolphins are found in the _____.
a) lakes b) rivers c) seas d) oceans
- 3) The density of population in Brazil is around persons per sq.km.
a) 30 b) 27 c) 23 d) 25
- 4) Brazil is the most country in the South America continent.
a) educated b) populated c) uneducated d) unpopulated

Q.2 : Identify the wrong pair.

2

- 1) State and population density:
a) Sao Paulo – Dense b) Himachal Pradesh – Dense
c) Amazonas – Sparse d) West Bengal – Dense
- 2) Forests and trees
a) Evergreen Forests – Mahogany b) Deciduous forests – Teak
c) Thorny and bushy forests – Khejri d) Coastal forests (mangroves) – Rubber

Q.3 : Answer in one sentence

4

- 1) Why are the evergreen forests called the 'lungs of the world'?
- 2) What is a population pyramid?
- 3) Which birds are found in the forests and wetlands of India?
- 4) What is life expectancy?

Q.4 : Write short note on the following (Any one)

3

- 1) Animal life in India.
- 2) Density of population in Brazil.

Q.5 : Give Geographical Reason.(Any two)

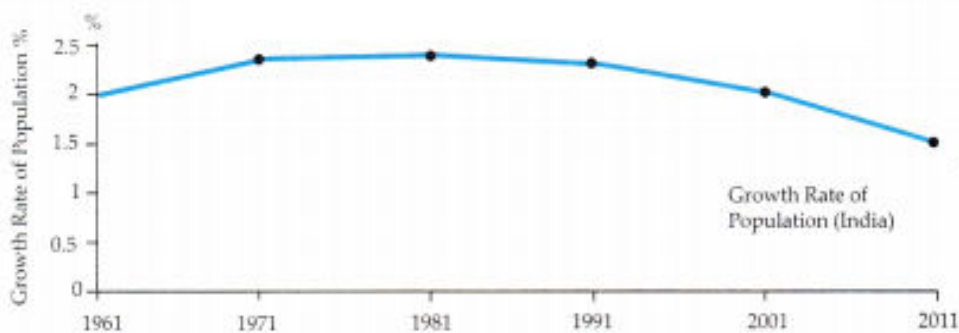
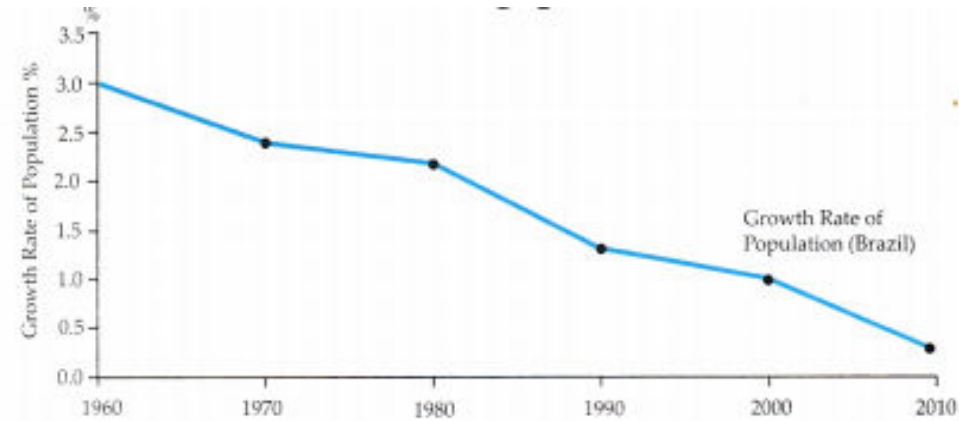
6

- 1) The largest variety of flora is found in Brazil.
- 2) Population density is high in the Ganga plains.
- 3) Wildlife in India is decreasing day by day.

Q.6 : Look at the graphs in Fig. indicating the population growth rate of Brazil and India and

3

answer the following questions.



- 1) What is the common feature in both the graphs?
- 2) What is India's growth rate of population in 2011?
- 3) In which two decades has the population growth rate of India remained almost stable?

Q.7: Answer the following in detail. (Any two)

8

- 1) Explain the similarities and differences between the population distribution in Brazil and India.
- 2) What are the major causes of degradation of forest in Brazil and India?
- 3) Giving examples, correlated to, climate and population distribution

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UNIT TEST QUESTION -4

Total Marks :30

Class : 10th (S.B.)

Chapter no. 7, 8, 9

Time : 1 Hour

Q.1 : Choose the right option and rewrite the sentence

4

- 1) India's per capita income is less than Brazil due to
 - a) Low national income
 - b) Massive population
 - c) Big family size
 - d) Low foodgrain production
- 2) The concentration of settlements is related to following major factors -
 - a) Proximity to the sea
 - b) Plain region
 - c) Availability of water
 - d) Climate
- 3) In India is also being given boost.
 - a) health-tourism
 - b) business-tourism
 - c) eco-tourism
 - d) social-tourism
- 4) Where do you find dispersed settlements in India?
 - a) Near the rivers
 - b) Near the transport routes
 - c) Hilly areas
 - d) Industrial regions

Q.2 : Match the Correct Pairs

2

1)

Column 'A'	Column 'B'
i) North Indian Plains	a) affects the patterns of settlements
ii) Climatic conditions	b) Most urbanized state
iii) Goa	c) Major metropolitan and industrial area
iv) Sao Paulo	d) Dispersed settlements
	e) South – west Brazil
	f) Nucleated settlements

Q.3 : Identify the odd man out:

4

- 1) Indian states that produces salt in bulk -
 - i) Gujarat
 - ii) Rajasthan
 - iii) Bihar
 - iv) Tamil Nadu
- 2) States in Brazil having low urbanisation -
 - i) Maranhao
 - ii) Para
 - iii) Goias
 - iv) Piaui
- 3) Nucleated settlements in India.
 - i) Vindhyan plateau, Plateau region of Narmada valley, Paddy lands in Bihar and Uttar Pradesh.
 - ii) Rajasthan, Sikkim, Arunachal Pradesh, and Punjab.

- iii) Himalayan slopes, East Rajasthan, Tribal part of Madhya Pradesh and Nagaland.
- iv) Vindhyan plateau, Paddy lands in Uttar Pradesh, Land with dissected topography and Bihar.
- 4) Mineral oil wells -
 - i) Mumbai High ii) Digboi iii) Koyali iv) Korba

Q.4 : Write short note on the following (Any one)

3

- 1) Industries in Brazil.
- 2) Transportation in Brazil

Q.5 : Give Geographical Reason.(Any three)

9

- 1) Availability of water is major factor affecting settlements.
- 2) Development of transport is important for the country's progress.
- 3) Fishing plays an important role in the economy of India.
- 4) Except Delhi and Chandigarh, urbanization is low in other parts of India.

Q.6 Answer the following in detail. (Any two)

(8)

- 1) What are the difficulties in the development of the railway system in Brazil's internal areas?
- 2) Why do human settlements grow in specific locations only?
- 3) **Observe the logos given and answer the questions.**



Logos of Various Industries

- 1) Identify the industries with which they are associated.

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